

Animal Welfare Regulations 2018

Changes to animal licensing laws

PLEASE NOTE IF YOU HAVE AN EXISTING LICENCE WITH THE AUTHORITY THIS WILL REMAIN IN PLACE – THE AUTHORITY WILL CONTACT YOU INDIVIDUALLY OVER THE COMING MONTHS TO DISCUSS THE REQUIREMENTS OF THE NEW LEGISLATION IN ACCORDANCE WITH YOUR BUSINESS NEEDS AND PROVIDE SUPPORT AND GUIDANCE WHERE NEEDED IN ORDER FOR YOU TO COMPLY WITH THE NEW LEGISLATION

Due to the current legislation being repealed as of the 1 October 2018 no new licence application will be accepted or issued under the current legislation and applicants wishing to apply for any of the above licensable activities should do so when the application form becomes active at <https://www.gov.uk/>

The government has recently published the Animal Welfare (Licensing of Activities Involving Animals) (England) Regulations 2018 under section 13 of the Animal Welfare Act 2006. The effect of the new regulations is to replace some existing licensing regimes and to put in place a new licensing regime to control the following “licensable activities”:

- selling animals as pets
- providing or arranging for the provision of boarding for cats or dogs
- hiring out horses
- breeding dogs
- keeping or training animals for exhibition.

The regulations come into effect on 1 October 2018 and will introduce a new licensing regime to replace the licensing and registration regimes currently in place under the following legislation:

- Pet Animals Act 1951
- Animal Boarding Establishments Act 1963
- Riding Establishments Acts 1970
- Breeding of Dogs Act 1973 and Breeding and Sale of Dogs (Welfare) Act 1999
- Performing Animals (Regulation) Act 1925.

All current licences will continue to be subject to the same restrictions until their expiry date or until 31 December 2018 whichever is sooner. Other than current animal exhibition registrations which will continue to be valid until 1 April 2019, and riding establishments which have unique expiry dates.

You will then need to apply for a licence under the new regulations. In order that applications can be processed and issued in accordance with the new requirements you should ensure that applications are made well in advance of any expiry date on 31 December 2018.

Further guidance and information can be found at pets4homes.co.uk/pet-advice/animal-welfare-act-2018

Am I eligible?

The licence holder must be a named person who is not disqualified from holding a licence in accordance with the requirements of regulation 11 (Persons who may not apply for a licence). A person cannot apply for a licence if they have been previously had a licence revoked under the Animal Welfare Regulations 2018 (these regulations) or is disqualified under the repealed legislation and those Acts and Regulations detailed in [SCHEDULE 8 of the Animal Welfare Regulations 2018](#).

Fees and Charges

Fees to be reviewed prior to 1 April 2019.

Guidance from DEFRA

The Department for Food, Environment and Rural Affairs (DEFRA) has now published procedural guidance for local authorities in relation to the new regulations, along with guidance notes on the conditions that will apply to licences issued to authorise the different licensable activities.

The new licence conditions and guidance notes for each of the animal activities covered are set out below:

- Procedural guidance notes and guidance notes for each activity are at [Canine and Feline Sector Group's website](#).

Useful information

- [The Animal Welfare \(Licensing of Activities Involving Animals\) \(England\) Regulations 2018](#)
- [Animal Welfare Act 2006](#)

The following codes of practice are available from the [Canine and Feline Sector Group](#):

- Code of practice for the welfare of dogs
- Code of practice for the welfare of cats

Guidance Note & FAQ

The Animal Welfare (Licensing of Activities Involving Animals) (England) Regulations 2018

The above regulations will come into force on 1st October 2018 and will have an impact on establishments licensed under the previous animal health legislation. This includes those previously licensed as pet shops, catteries, kennels, home boarders, dog crèche, riding establishments, dog breeders and performing animals.

The regulations can be viewed at:

<https://www.legislation.gov.uk/ukxi/2018/486/contents/made>

The following guidance and FAQs will provide more details of the new system of regulation.

1. What licensing activities require a licence?

A licence is required when any of the licensable activities outlined in Schedule 1 of the regulations are undertaken. These are:

- a) selling animals as pets (Part 2);
- b) providing or arranging for the provision of boarding for cats or dogs (including the provision of boarding for cats; kennels for dogs; home boarding for dogs; or day care for dogs (Part 3);
- c) hiring out horses (Part 4);
- d) breeding dogs (Part 5);
- e) keeping or training animals for exhibition (Part 6).

2. Who can apply for a licence?

Any individual, who will be designated as the operator of the business, can apply for a licence providing they

- a) can demonstrate that they are a fit and proper person to carry out the licensable activity and meet the licence conditions; and
- b) are not disqualified from holding a licence in accordance with Regulation 11 and Schedule 8.

3. How do I apply for a licence?

Licence applications must be submitted in writing along with any supportive information and the appropriate fee. We are currently revising our standard application forms and these will be available shortly and uploaded to the Council's webpage. They will also be available on the .gov.uk website.

The Council will notify licence holders when their existing licence will expire (3 months prior to expiry) and licence holders must make a new application at least 10 weeks before the licence expires to continue the activity without a break.

4. What standards/conditions will I be expected to meet to obtain a licence?

DEFRA has produced mandatory conditions and associated guidance for each licensable activity. These are divided into two categories namely General Conditions (stipulated in Schedule 2) and Specific Conditions from the associated Schedule of the Regulations.

You will need to meet the requirements of all the minimum standards, although minor failings may be noted/recorded providing they do not compromise the welfare of the animals (these should be predominantly administrative in nature).

In addition each licensable activity (with the exception of the keeping or training animals for exhibition) also stipulates further optional conditions for “Higher Standards”.

Specific details will be stipulated on the inspection report.

5. How is the Risk Rating assessed?

Existing operators will be risk rated against a standard 14 point criteria checklist which considers a number of factors relating to compliance history, complaints, welfare standards and management standards. This scoring system will determine if they are rated as either low (a score of 17 or less) or high (a score of 18 or more).

All new businesses which do not have 3 years of compliance history with a Local Authority or UKAS accredited scheme will be rated as high risk.

Licences for the keeping or training of animals for exhibition are not risk rated and will last for 3 years once issued.

6. What are the “Higher Standards”?

For each activity (except keeping or training animals for exhibition) a number of “higher standards” have been agreed. Meeting the higher standards is optional but is the only way to gain the highest star rating. The higher standards are classified into two categories – required (mandatory) and optional. These will usually be colour coded into blue and red respectively. To qualify as meeting the higher standards the business must achieve all the required (mandatory) standards as well as a minimum of 50% of the optional higher standards.

7. How long will my licence last?

Licences can be issued for a period of either one, two or three years depending on the risk rating and level of compliance. This also corresponds with the Star Rating for the establishment. See scoring matrix

Scoring Matrix		Welfare Standards		
		Minor Failings (existing business that are failing to meet minimum standards)	Minimum Standards (as laid down in the schedules and guidance)	Higher Standards (as laid down in the guidance)
Risk	Low Risk	1 Star 1yr licence Min 1 unannounced visit within 12 month period	3 Star 2yr licence Min 1 unannounced visit within 24 month period	5 Star 3yr licence Min 1 unannounced visit within 36 month period
	Higher Risk	1 Star 1yr licence Min 1 unannounced visit within 12 month period	2 Star 1yr licence Min 1 unannounced visit within 12 month period	4 Star 2yr licence Min 1 unannounced visit within 24 month period

Licences for the keeping or training animals for exhibition are issued for three years.

8. How much does a licence cost?

The current level of licence fee will be displayed on the Council's webpage. For 2019-20 fees will be in line with the historic charging structure of a flat fee. The following year the fees will be reviewed in line with the statutory guidance in Regulation 13.

9. How is the licence application assessed?

All licence applications will be assessed based on the following criteria:

- a) an assessment of the operator (applicant) as to whether they are a fit and proper person to carry out the licensable activity, their knowledge, experience, compliance history, ability to meet their licence conditions and whether they are currently disqualified from making an application;
- b) an inspection of the site of the licensable activity by a suitably qualified inspector (and where applicable accompanied by a registered veterinarian);
- c) the submission of the inspectors report which will contain information about the operator, details of the premises, records, conditions of the animals, the risk rating score, compliance details and a statement on whether licence conditions will be met;
- d) the payment of the appropriate licence fee.

10. What information is provided with the licence?

Where a licence is issued the Council will provide the following details:

- a) the Licence with the Star Rating;
- b) details of how the business has been rated including a list of the higher standards the business currently fails to meet or a list of the minimum standards the business is failing to meet and resulting in a “minor failing” category;
- c) a copy of the risk management assessment table;
- d) details of the appeals process and timescales.

11. What if my application is refused?

The Council will consider the report from the inspector and any comments made by the applicant when deciding whether to issue a licence.

The Council must refuse to issue a licence if it considers that the applicant cannot meet the licence conditions, the granting of a licence will have a negative impact on animal welfare or if the level of accommodation, staffing or management is inadequate for the well-being of animals. A licence cannot be issued to an operator who is disqualified.

The applicant will have the right of appeal to a First-tier Tribunal within 28 days of the decision notice.

12. What can I do if I am unhappy/disagree with the star rating awarded to me?

To ensure fairness to the business, the Council must have an appeals procedure in place for the operator to dispute the star rating given.

The business will be provided with supportive information (the inspection reports) which will highlight the inspecting officer's decision on how the risk rating, compliance level and star rating has been determined.

The appeal must be made in writing within 21 days and will be assessed and determined by an appointed manager within the Department. If the business disagrees with the outcome of the appeal they can challenge the decision by means of judicial review.

The business is encouraged to discuss the matter initially with the inspecting officer where possible.

A business may wish to apply for a re-inspection or re-rating on a chargeable basis following completion of works to rectify any non-compliance or improvements to achieve higher standards.

13. What will happen if I do not comply with the conditions of my licence?

The new Regulations introduce a range of enforcement powers to allow the Council to issue a suspension, variation or revocation notice where licence conditions are not being complied with; there is a breach of the regulations or issues relating to the protection of the welfare of an animal.

The service of an enforcement notice is subject to a strict process and includes for the provision of the right to representation and appeal.

14. What advice and guidance is available?

Operators must meet the mandatory conditions issued by DEFRA.

Where operators wish to discuss the application process and seek guidance on compliance and more detailed advice a pre-application visit/discussion can be arranged on a chargeable basis.

15. Are the licence details and star rating displayed?

DEFRA has encouraged Councils to maintain a list of licensed businesses and their associated ratings on their websites.

The Council will review this optional procedure in April 2019 – no information will be displayed prior to this date.